

Eastham Parish Profile 2014

Overview

Annual Precept £6,900

Eastham is a rural parish covering 872 hectares. The nearest primary school is in Lindridge, 2km from the centre of the parish. The nearest secondary school is 12km from the centre of the parish.

Communications and transport (nearest distances are straight lines 'as crow flies')

The nearest GP practice is 6km away from the centre of the parish (32min on public transport). The nearest hospital is 6km away from the centre of the parish (32min on public transport).

Demographics

Population

| | District | Parish |
|-------------|----------|------------|
| Total (n) | 74,631 | 228 |
| Males (n) | 36,336 | 113 |
| Females (n) | 38,295 | 115 |

Population trend

| | 2001 | 2011 |
|--------------|------|------------|
| Total (n) | 230 | 228 |
| Aged 75+ (n) | 24 | 24 |

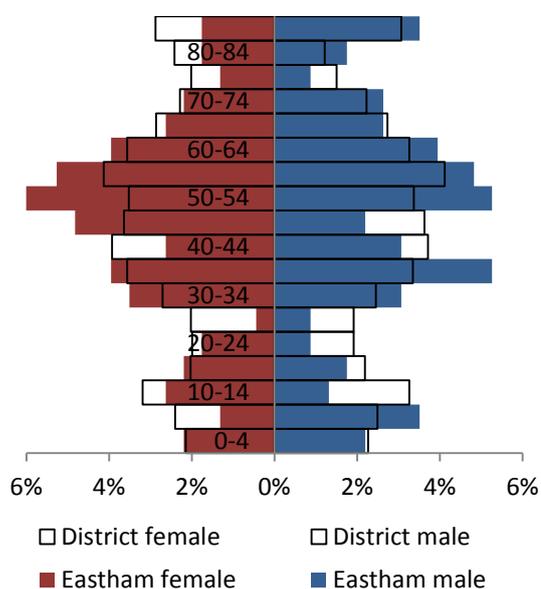
Health

| | District | Parish |
|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| Limiting Long Term Illness (%) | 20 | 15 |
| Health is good (%) | 81 | 81 |

Deprivation

| | District | Parish |
|-------------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| Housing or CT benefit claimants (%) | 16 | 15 |

Age profile



Housing & Employment

Housing growth

| | 2001 | 2011 |
|----------------------|------|------------|
| Dwellings (n) | 99 | 102 |
| Vacant dwellings (n) | 5 | 2 |

Employment (LSOA)

| | District | Parish |
|-------------------------|----------|------------|
| Claiming JSA (%) | 1.2 | 0.2 |
| Economically active (n) | 68 | 70 |

Energy Efficiency (LSOA)

| | District | Parish |
|-----------------------|----------|-----------|
| Fuel poverty (%) | 24 | 24 |
| No gas connection (%) | 30 | 69 |

No. of dwellings by CT band

| | District | Parish |
|------------|----------|-----------|
| Band A (%) | 11 | 5 |
| Band B (%) | 21 | 12 |
| Band C (%) | 22 | 13 |
| Band D (%) | 16 | 23 |
| Band E (%) | 14 | 19 |
| Band F (%) | 10 | 10 |
| Band G (%) | 6 | 15 |
| Band H (%) | 1 | 2 |

Interpretation of the Data – Eastham

This supplementary document explores some of the underlying data from the profile and links it to the data at a district level.

| | |
|--|--|
| Precept | In 2014/15 the average parish precept in Malvern Hills District was £43.66 per household and the range from £100.42 to £1.53. The precept for Eastham was £69.00 the 4th largest out of 53. |
| Population | Eastham is the 47th largest parish in Malvern Hills. Between 2001 and 2011 the population decreased by 1%, the total district growth was 3.4%. |
| Households (dwellings with residents) | The number of households has increased from 94 to 100. The largely static population has contributed to the size of households decreasing from 2.45 persons to 2.28. The number of single person households has increased by 40% from 15 to 21 (21% of all households). 33% of single person households are single pensioner households, this has decreased by 42% from 12 to 7 in 2011. |
| Older people | The number of persons aged 60 and over has increased by 26% from 61 to 77. Persons aged 75 and over have remained static at 24. The population has aged and that trend is likely to continue. |
| Children | The number of persons aged 0 to 15 has decreased by 21% from 42 to 33. This downward trend is common to two thirds of the parishes. |
| Deprivation | Housing or Council Tax benefit and JSA claimants are also lower than the district average. |
| Cars and vans | The number of households with no access to a car/van has decreased from 8 to 3 but this still means that 3% of households rely on other means of transportation. |
| Health | The percentage of the population reporting good or very good health in each parish ranges from 91% to 75%. In Eastham it is 81% but the number of people reporting that they are healthy will likely reduce as the population ages. |

Considerations How to ensure that care and support for older people is sustained and developed as the population continues to age. Working in partnerships with other parishes and the statutory authorities is likely to be helpful particularly for smaller parishes such as Eastham.

How to minimise social isolation. The number of single person households is likely to increase as the population ages.

How to sustain and develop public transport services particularly for the 3% with no access to a car or van.

How to ensure that deprived households have access to supporting services and benefits. Promotion of the CAB Community Liaison Volunteers may be helpful.